



## Make in India: its Vision and Goal

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**Abstract:** In this paper, a challenging effort was made to present the new investment project of Prime Minister Mr. Narendra Modi that 'Make in India' is the new mantra and the objective was to encourage the production of goods within the country and Making India the manufacturing hub of the world economy. The aim of the project showing a pure classical economics there is going to be a demand and then there would be producers who would be incentivized to supply goods and Services to meet that demand. This paper covers issues of the make in India, sectors covered, worldwide and positive responses and some critics. However, this paper is concluded as optimistic manner that the Make in India' economically viable? What are the challenges that the project and movement will face? What about the projects that are currently running under 'Make in India'? Can India compete in the global market? We will try to find the answers to all of these questions in the next couple of years.

**Key words:** business index, Making India, Labour laws, manufacturing

**Introduction:** India is a country rich in natural resources. Labour is aplenty and skilled labour is easily available given the high rates of unemployment among the educated class of the country. With Asia developing as the outsourcing hub of the world, India is soon becoming the preferred manufacturing destination of most investors across the globe. Mae in India is the Indian government's effort to harness this demand and boost the Indian economy. India ranks low on the "ease of doing business index". Labour laws in the country are still not conducive to the Make in India campaign. This is one of the universally noted disadvantages of manufacturing and investing in India. The new government initiating a new ways for free flows of capital. Make in India is an initiative of the Government of India, to encourage companies to manufacture their products in India. The government's flagship campaign intended to boost the domestic manufacturing industry and attract foreign investors to invest into the Indian economy with an intention of reviving manufacturing businesses and emphasizing key sectors in India amidst growing concerns that most entrepreneurs are moving out of the country due to its low rank in ease of doing business ratings. Prime Minister Mr. Narendra Modi launched the Make in India campaign on September 25, 2014. The date of the launch was chosen to be of maximum advantage. Coming right after the successful insertion of Mangalyaan - a wholly indigenously built low-cost probe into the Martian orbit - the event highlighted India's success in manufacturing, science and technology, and all this at inexpensive costs. It also came just a day ahead of the Prime Minister's maiden US visit. Calculated to enhance India's attractiveness as an investment destination, the launch ceremony was held at the Vigyan Bhavan in New Delhi. The hall thronged with attendees, a number of who did not even find seats. Leading entrepreneurs and the CEOs of about 3000 companies from across 30 countries were invited to attend the launch.

**Why Companies were not manufacturing in India:** Make in India campaign is at loggerheads with the Make in China ideal that has gained momentum over the past decade. China is a major rival to India when it comes to the outsourcing, manufacturing, and services business. India's ailing infrastructure scenario and defunct logistics facilities make it difficult for the country to achieve an elite status as a manufacturing hub. The bureaucratic approach of former governments, lack of robust transport networks,

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